

Cambridge IGCSE™

MATHEMATICS		0580/11
Paper 1 (Core)		October/November 2020
MARK SCHEME		
Maximum Mark: 56		
Γ		
	Published	

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge International is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2020 series for most Cambridge IGCSE[™], Cambridge International A and AS Level and Cambridge Pre-U components, and some Cambridge O Level components.

Generic Marking Principles

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:

Marks awarded are always whole marks (not half marks, or other fractions).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:

Rules must be applied consistently, e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

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Maths-Specific Marking Principles		
1	Unless a particular method has been specified in the question, full marks may be awarded for any correct method. However, if a calculation is required then no marks will be awarded for a scale drawing.	
2	Unless specified in the question, answers may be given as fractions, decimals or in standard form. Ignore superfluous zeros, provided that the degree of accuracy is not affected.	
3	Allow alternative conventions for notation if used consistently throughout the paper, e.g. commas being used as decimal points.	
4	Unless otherwise indicated, marks once gained cannot subsequently be lost, e.g. wrong working following a correct form of answer is ignored (isw).	
5	Where a candidate has misread a number in the question and used that value consistently throughout, provided that number does not alter the difficulty or the method required, award all marks earned and deduct just 1 mark for the misread.	
6	Recovery within working is allowed, e.g. a notation error in the working where the following line of working makes the candidate's intent clear.	

Abbreviations

cao - correct answer only

dep – dependent

FT – follow through after error

isw – ignore subsequent working

oe – or equivalent

SC – Special Case

nfww – not from wrong working

soi – seen or implied

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Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
1(a)	Acute	1	
1(b)	Pentagon	1	
1(c)	Trapezium	1	
2	Congruent indicated only	1	
3	$\frac{4}{7}$ cao	1	
4	6	1	
5(a)	Two diagonal lines only	2	B1 for one correct line with one incorrect or missing line or for two correct lines with maximum one incorrect line
5(b)		1	
6	16	4	Accept any correct method e.g. M1 for 19 × 7 M1 for 517 – their 133 M1 for their 384 ÷ 24
7(a)	1010 [am]	1	
7(b)(i)	8	1	
7(b)(ii)	20	1	
7(c)	Line from (11 10, 12) to (11 20, 12) and ruled line from (their11 20, 12) to (their11 20 + 30, 0)	2	B1 for either line correct If zero scored, B1 for 30 [min] or half an hour or 0.5 [hours]
8	Correct triangle constructed with $AC = 5$ cm and $BC = 6.5$ cm and intersecting arcs	3	B2 for correct triangle with no/incorrect arcs or SC2 for accurate triangle with arcs but sides interchanged or B1 for 6.5 [cm] or 5 [cm] soi
9	850[.00]	2	M1 for $\frac{1190}{5+2}$

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Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
10(a)	(7) (-4)	1	
10(b)	$\begin{pmatrix} 8 \\ -20 \end{pmatrix}$	1	
11	1.75	3	M2 for $(13.72 - 2.8 \times 2.65) \div 3.6$ oe or M1 for 2.8×2.65
12	$\frac{50-10}{4\times2}$	M1	Allow M1 for 3 out of 4 values correctly rounded or for all correct but with any trailing zeros
	5	A1	$dep on \frac{50-10}{4\times2}$
13(a)	2×3^2 or $2 \times 3 \times 3$	2	B1 for 2, 3, 3 may be seen in a factor tree or table
13(b)	1159	3	B2 for $2^3 \times 3^2$ soi by 72 or 1[h] 12[min] or correct times of both buses to 11 59 or B1 for correct times of one bus to 11 59 or M1 for $2^3 \times 3$ or for 18, 36, 54 [] and 24, 48 [] or listing times of next 4 red buses and next 3 blue buses, follow through max 1 error or omission in each list
14	$\frac{8}{3}$ and $\frac{11}{4}$ oe improper fractions	M1	
	$\frac{88}{12}$ oe improper fraction	A1	
	$7\frac{1}{3}$ cao final answer	A1	Dep on first A1 If M0 scored, SC1 for $\frac{8}{3}$ or $\frac{11}{4}$ oe improper fraction
15	4370	1	
16	$[x =] \frac{2y+7}{5} \text{ oe or } [x =] \frac{2y}{5} + \frac{7}{5} \text{ oe}$ final answer	2	M1 for $2y + 7 = 5x$ oe or $\frac{2y}{5} = x - \frac{7}{5}$ oe
17	19448.1[0] final answer	2	M1 for $16000 (1 + \frac{5}{100})^4$ oe

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Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
18(a)	4 points correctly plotted	2	B1 for 2 or 3 points correctly plotted
18(b)	Negative	1	
18(c)	Correct ruled line of best fit	1	
18(d)	10 to 12	1	FT their straight line of best fit
19	8.91 or 8.911 to 8.913	2	M1 for $\frac{56}{2\pi}$
20	[y =] 1.5x + 3 final answer	2	M1 for $\frac{rise}{run}$ using correct values or B1 for $[y =] 1.5x + c$ or $[y =] kx + 3, k \neq 0$ as final answer
21(a)	29.1 or 29.05	2	M1 for tan $[x =] \frac{10}{18}$
21(b)	17	2	M1 for $8^2 + 15^2$

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